

AMS7000

Digital automation measuring
and control devices



The optimum operation of an electrical network depends particularly on the reliability and the availability of the protection, measuring and automation devices, and the manner in which these devices can communicate the information in their possession. PROCOM, CEE's new modular system, satisfies these criteria by providing the possibility of using either separately or in an integrated system all of the intelligent functions of an electrical cubicle: protection, measurement, automation and communication.

CEE's exceptional experience in the fields of network protection using static relays (more than 400,000 units in operation throughout the world) enabled our engineers to define, develop and manufacture PROCOM to the standards of quality and concepts of technical innovation which have been the foundation of CEE's reputation over the past 30 years. a gestion optimale des réseaux d'énergie électrique repose, en particulier, sur la fiabilité, la disponibilité et l'aptitude à la communication des dispositifs de protection, de mesures et d'automatismes.

PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS

AMS7000 series devices provide the «automatic control» (AMS7001) and the «automatic control and instrumentation» (AMS7002) parts of the PROCOM system. Using digital microprocessor technology, these units also provide switchgear «supervision / control» features, and manage the communication between the switchboard panels and the master supervisory stations..

OUR TRADEMARKS



TECHNIREL

Automatic control

Thanks to the LAMS1 secure programming language, the AMS7000 can reliably execute automatic control programs including the following analogic inputs:

- 2 voltage inputs on the AMS7001,
- 1 voltage input and 1 current input on the AMS7002.

To this end, the operator has access to a sequential logic environment including:

- 14 all or nothing inputs (2 of which are galvanically separate),
- 16 timers with settings from 0.04 to 1000 secs.,
- 8 (over or under) operating levels associated with the analogue inputs,
- 5 output relais.

Definition of the sequential logic combinations, the number of all or nothing and analogue inputs, and of the timers is carried out using LAMS 1 software running on a PC computer.

The analogue thresholds and time delays can be adjusted on site via the RS232C / DB9 socket on the AMS7000 front plate.

The binary file which results from the compilation, using the EDLAMS program, of the automatic control program that has been written by the user is loaded into permanent memory.

In the AMS7001, the program is downloaded via an EPROM programmer into an EPROM memory which is inserted into the relay front plate.

In the AMS7002, the program is loaded into internal EEPROM memory using a PC computer connected directly to the DB9 socket.

MAJOR ADVANTAGES

The AMS7000 incorporate the following 3 series of major advantages:

Reliability and availability

The design and construction of these devices respect the standards of reliability and safety used by CEE for the manufacture of classical static protective relays:

- Conformity to the recommendations and standards of IEC 255.
- Debugging and individual testing of certain components.

The AMS7001 is recommended to be used in automatic changeover and transfer schemes as it can simultaneously control 2 circuit breakers and monitor 2 voltages.

The AMS7002 is more specifically designed to be used where switchboards include supervision/control, metering and instrumentation, and/or automatic local control such as motor restart sequences using real time voltage monitoring.

Instrumentation and metering

By sampling the analogue input voltage and current and by using Fast Fourier Transformation techniques, the AMS7002 calculates the 10 electrical values which are most often required to operate electrical switchboards correctly.

These values can be displayed on the front panel of the AMS7002 and transmitted via the communications port.

U =	Line to line rms voltage
I =	Rms current
C =	Power factor ($\cos \varphi$)
P =	Real power
Q =	Reactive power
M =	Real power maximum demand integrated over a period of 5 to 60 minutes (adjustable)
A+ =	kWh import
A- =	kWh export
R+ =	kvarh import
R- =	kvarh export

- Choice of component both their thermal capacity and for overvoltage withstand etc.
- Withstand in severe environments = health/humidity 56 days, 40°C, 93% relative humidity.

As well as these precautions in their basic construction, AMS7000 devices are equipped with a self-checking system which, together with the plug-in feature of their case, leads to optimum availability.

The self-checking features operate in three levels:

- Detection of the loss of auxiliary supply.
- Detection of a microprocessor failure by a watchdog.
- Detection of the failure of one of the microprocessor peripherals (RAM, EEPROM, etc.) by execution of microdiagnostic programs.

The user is warned of the operation of the self-checking system by the closure of a dry contact brought out on terminals and/or by interruption of the communications.

Adaptability and autonomy

As they are presented in metallic modular plug-in type R cases, AMS7000 devices may be used either individually or as modules integrated into a rack, itself an element of the PROCOM architecture.

This flexible presentation allows the use of the AMS7000 to be accepted to the real technical and economic needs of the user, for example, by enabling it to be fitted into an existing installation.

These characteristics of autonomy and adaptability of the AMS7000 are completed by the possibility of connecting it without special precautions to any source of auxiliary supply, ac or dc, varying within a large range (20 - 66 V or 38 - 250 V).

Power and flexibility of the communications

The AMS7000 devices communicate with the outside world in three main ways:

- **Local communication:** the equipment/user dialogue is performed by a pocket terminal enabling the reading of the operating program and the adjustment of the parameters of the time delays and voltage operating levels. Ten LED's, seven of which are programmable, indicate the phases of relay operation. The AMS7002 device is equipped with an alpha-numerical display of 8 digits to visualize the 10 available measurements which are selectable by push button. A sequential display of 10 measurements is possible.
- **Communication via all-or-nothing channels:** the AMS7000 can take into account 14 all-or-nothing inputs (12 of which have a common terminal and 2 are isolated). Six electromagnetic relays provide the functions of control, signalling and alarm.

- **Control:** two output units with a high closing capacity are provided for closing/tripping of the power devices.

- **Signalling:** three output units whose operation is user programmable are provided to give signals by contact to the exterior.

- **Alarm:** a dry contact from the watchdog is provided.

- **Digital communication:** the AMS7000 devices are provided with 3 serial digital communication channels:

- 1 channel on a DB9 socket for local dialogue using the pocket/terminal (see above).

- 2 channels on sockets for the current loop system (0 - 20 mA) for connecting the AMS7000 into a communication network collected by a PC or other device* range using a master/slave protocol to the J BUS standards (or other on request).

The AMS7000 plays the role of a digital communication node at the level of a cubicle in the switchgear panel:

- As the master element in the mini-network (called «Downstream network»), the AMS7000 supervises up to 6 relays from the PROCOM series.

- As the slave element of the network controlled via the PC (called «Upstream network»), the AMS7000 communicates to the central control station all of the data and events as its own level or from the downstream network.

Remark: the downstream communication of the AMS7002 can be configured to ensure the galvanic insulation and amplify the upstream network.

On this main network extension, it is possible to connect up to 8 PROCOM modules.

* Please consult us

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

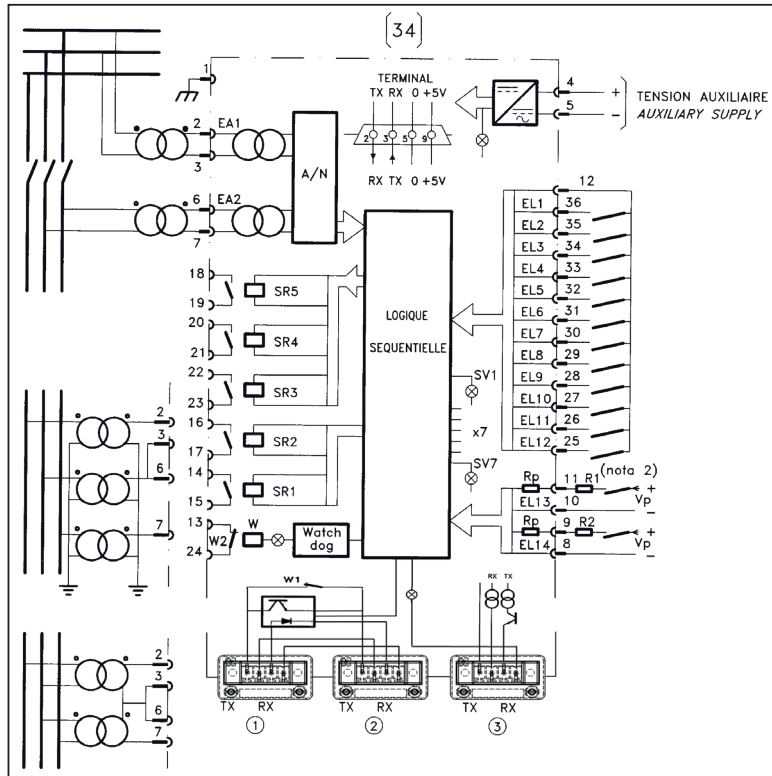
<p>1. Input and output quantities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Frequency <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal frequency F_n - Operating range • Voltage <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal phase-to-phase voltage U_n - Nominal operating range - Permanent withstand - Short time thermal withstand - Burden • Current <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal current I_n - Nominal operating range - Permanent withstand - Short time thermal withstand - Burden • Auxiliary supply <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ranges - Burden • Logic inputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inputs with common wire - Isolated inputs - Timing • Output contacts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum voltage • Maximum permanent current • Closing current • Rupturing capacity dc ($L/R = 40\text{ ms}$) ac ($\cos \varphi = 0.4$) . • Signalling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - State of the watchdog - Local signalling 	<p>50/60 Hz $F_n \pm 5\text{ Hz}$</p> <p>100V - 110V - 120V - 380V (AMS7001 only) 0.05 to 1.5 U_n 1.5 U_n 2 U_n for 10s < 0.3 VA per phase at U_n</p> <p>1 A or 5 A 0 to 1.5 I_n 2 I_n 80 I_n for 1s - 20 I_n for 3s < 0.3 VA per phase at I_n</p> <p>20 to 66 Vdc or Vac 50/60 Hz 38 to 250 Vdc or Vac 50/60 Hz</p> <p>$\leq 10\text{ W DC}$ $\leq 15\text{ VA AC}$</p> <p>12 - polarised by the AMS7000 (voltage without load: 30V) 2 via opto-isolators, needing polarisation current 20 mA 10 ms</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">SR1, SR2</td> <td style="width: 50%;">SR3, SR4, SR5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>600 V</td> <td>250 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 A</td> <td>2.5 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 A</td> <td>5 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50W (1 A/48 Vdc - 0.5 A/110 Vdc)</td> <td>25 W (0.5 A/48 Vdc - 0.25 A/110 Vdc)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1,250 VA; $I < 3\text{ A}$</td> <td>625 VA; $I < 1.5\text{ A}$</td> </tr> </table> <p>picked up in quiescent state drops out to give alarm 10 LEDs</p>	SR1, SR2	SR3, SR4, SR5	600 V	250 V	5 A	2.5 A	10 A	5 A	50W (1 A/48 Vdc - 0.5 A/110 Vdc)	25 W (0.5 A/48 Vdc - 0.25 A/110 Vdc)	1,250 VA; $I < 3\text{ A}$	625 VA; $I < 1.5\text{ A}$
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<p>2. Nominal ranges of influencing factors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Temperature - Frequency 	<p>-10°C to +55°C $F_n \pm 5\text{ Hz}$</p>												
<p>3. Operating levels</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of operating levels • Settings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Voltage sets - Current sets • Precision • Resetting value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - on undervoltage units (on undercurrent: AMS7002) - on overvoltage units (or overcurrent: AMS7002) 	<p>8 over or undervoltage selected by programming</p> <p>5 to 120% of U_n 5 to 120% of I_n (AMS7002 only) $\pm 3\%$ of U_n (AMS7001) $\pm 1\%$ of U_n or I_n (AMS7002) 95% (AMS7001) - 92% (AMS7002) 105% (AMS7001) - 108% (AMS7002)</p>												

<p>4. Time delays</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number • Setting range • Precision 	<p>16 40 ms to 1,000s ± 20 ms for times < 1s ± 40 ms for times > 1s</p>
<p>5. Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voltage <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal primary values range (Un) - Relay configuration resolution - Precision class index • Current (AMS7002 only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal primary values range (In) - Relay configuration resolution - Precision class index • Power factors (AMS7002 only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Measured range - Resolution - Precision class index • Powers P - Q - S and integrated powers (AMS7002) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Measured range - Resolution - Extent of the measurement - Precision class index • Energy (AMS7002 only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Maximum values stored - Precision class index - Permanent register 	<p>0.100 kV to 240 kV 10 V 3 (AMS7001) - 0.5 (AMS7002) 10 A to 100 kA 1 A 0.5 4 quadrants 0.01 1 100 k to 100 M (W, VA or var) 1 k to 1 M according to the range 0 to 3.9 Un In 1 32 GWh 1 every 24 hours</p>
<p>6. Digital communication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support • Communicating protocols • Downstream network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Transmission speed - Master - Slaves • Upstream network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Transmission speed - Master • Programming <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Language - Lines of program - Number of program elements/line (variables, instructions operators) - Program development tool (Editor + compiler) - EPROM configuration tool for AMS7001 and 7002 	<p>2 channels having sockets: current loop (0 - 20 mA) Master/Slave as required (J BUS or other) 1,200 bauds AMS7000 Max of 6 communicating relays (except AMS7000) 1,200/2,400/4,800 bauds PC or other system (please consult us) LAMS 1 255 16 EDLAMS supplied by CEE LAMSTEL supplied by CEE</p>
<p>7. Insulation level to IEC 255-5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dielectric withstand <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All terminals connected together to frame, and insulated input groups to each other - DB9 socket - Insulation resistance at 500 V - Impulse voltage withstand (except DB9 socket) 	<p>2 kV - 50/60 Hz - 1 min (except current loop inputs 1 kV - 1 min) 500 V - 50/60 Hz - 1 min > 10,000 MΩ 5 kV - 1.2/50 μs</p>
<p>8. High frequency disturbance withstand to IEC 255-22-1 (except DB9 socket)</p>	<p>2.5 kV and 1 kV - 1 MHz classe III</p>

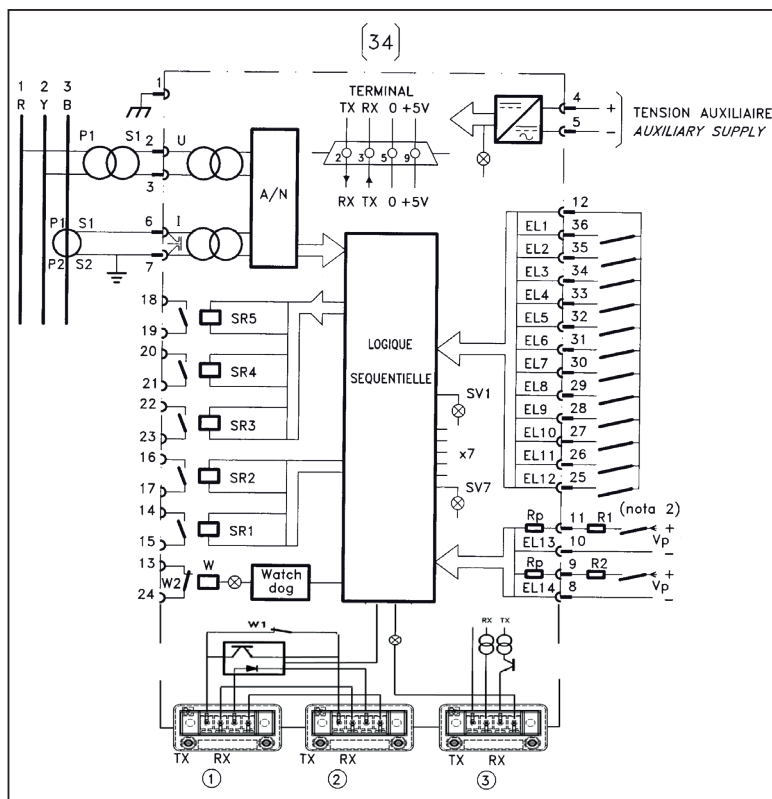
9. Case	R3
10. Weight	3.8 kg
11. Identifying drawing	03A9 (AMS7001)- 16A5 (AMS7002)

OPERATION

Simplified operation and connection diagrams



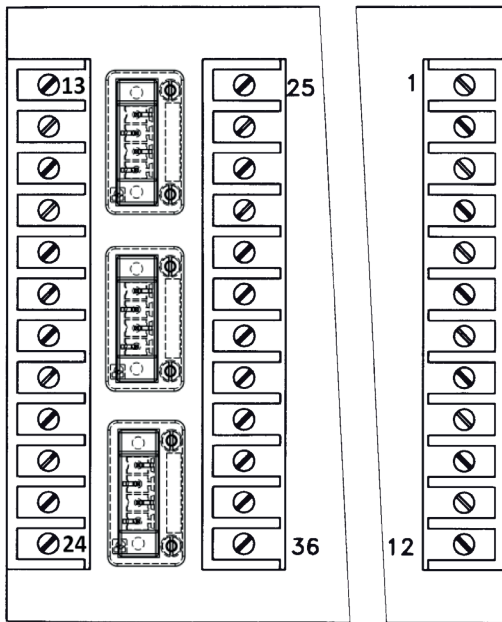
AMS7001 device



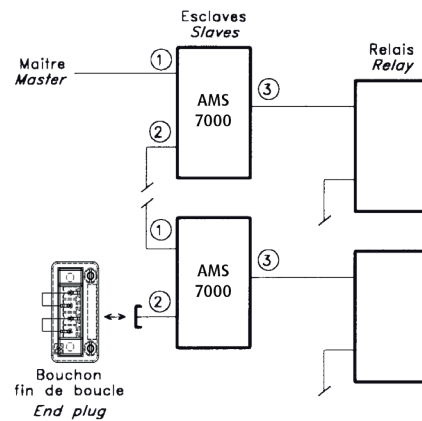
AMS7002 device

CASES TYPE R3

		projecting rear connection	flush rear connection
CASE DIMENSIONS	CONNECTING SCREWS Ø M4		
		$x = 89$ for panel th. < 2 $x = 90,5$ for panel th. > 2	
R3	CASE DIMENSIONS		
	DRILLING AND CUT OUT		



Vue arriere / Rear view



The specifications and drawings given are subject to change and are not binding unless confirmed by our specialists.

